



IV Semester M.Sc. Examination, June 2017  
(CBCS Scheme)  
CHEMISTRY  
C-404 : Spectroscopy – III  
(Common to IC / AC / PC)

Time : 3 Hours

Max. Marks : 70

**Instruction :** Answer Question No. 1 and any five of the remaining.

1. Answer **any ten** of the following : (10×2=20)
- What are isotropic and anisotropic coupling constants ?
  - Assign the structure of  $\text{Cl}_2\text{O}$  molecule. It shows three intense bands at  $688\text{ cm}^{-1}$ ,  $320\text{ cm}^{-1}$  and  $969\text{ cm}^{-1}$  in IR spectrum.
  - Using solid state NMR, how do you characterize the structure of  $\text{PCl}_5$ .
  - Define “Magic Angle Spinning” and list its advantages.
  - Calculate the ESR frequency for an unpaired electron in a field of 0.5T.
  - From  $^{19}\text{F}$  NMR, predict the possible structure of  $\text{BrF}_5$ .
  - Explain the terms nuclear electric quadrupole moment and electric field gradient.
  - A Mössbauer nucleus of mass  $2 \times 10^{-25}$  kg emits  $\gamma$ - ray of wavelength 0.2 nm. Calculate the recoil velocity. ( $h = 6.626 \times 10^{-34}$  JS).
  - $\text{Br}_2$  shows NQR and not  $\text{F}_2$ . Why ?
  - What is Frozen Orbital approximation ?
  - Mention any two uses of EELS.
  - How many peaks would result in the Auger Electron Spectrum of
    - Hydrogen
    - Carbon
    - Sodium ?

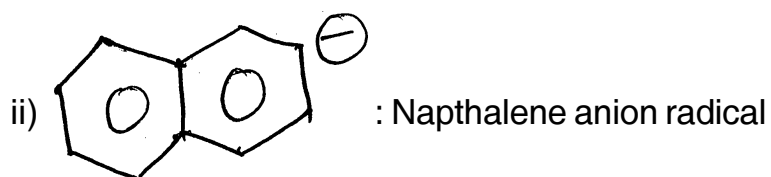
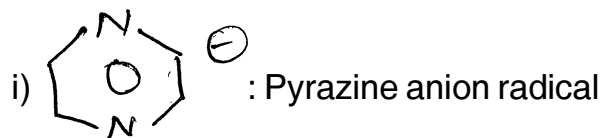


2. a) Explain hyper Raman phenomenon using relevant equation. Sketch the transitions involved and differentiate them into hyper-stokes and hyper-antistokes lines.
- b) How does a photoacoustic signal arise ? Using a block diagram explain the processes involved in photoacoustic effect. **(6+4=10)**
3. a) Define Linkage isomerism. Using suitable example, explain the importance of IR spectroscopy to characterize any one of the linkage isomer.
- b) List the various possibilities of carbonate coordination mode with metal and the corresponding changes that occur in IR. **(5+5=10)**
4. a) Define isomer shift and establish its relationship with S-electron density.
- b) Outline the effect of an external magnetic field on the NQR spectrum. **(6+4=10)**
5. a) Predict and explain  $^{31}\text{P}$  NMR spectrum of  $[\text{Rh}(\text{Ph}_3\text{P})_3]^+\text{ClO}_4^-$  using  $^{103}\text{Rh}$   $^{31}\text{P}$  coupling.
- b) Draw  $^{31}\text{P}$  NMR spectra for  $\alpha$ - and  $\beta$ - isomers of  $\text{P}_4\text{S}_4$ .
- c) Sketch and explain  $^{11}\text{B}$  NMR spectrum of diborane. **(4+3+3=10)**
6. a) Give the theory and experimental details of inverse Raman process.
- b) List the applications of Resonance Raman spectroscopy. **(5+5=10)**
7. a) How are XANEs and EXAFs different from each other ? Elaborate on the principle underlying EXAFs technique.
- b) Explain quadrupolar interaction in Mössbauer spectroscopy with suitable example. Comment on the relative magnitudes of quadrupolar splitting in tetrahedral and square planar  $\text{SnCl}_4$ . **(5+5=10)**



8. a) Explain ENDOR and ELDOR techniques.

b) Draw EPR spectra for :



c) Determine g values of  $\text{Ni}^{2+}$  complex at magnetic field of  $B_{\perp}$  300.2 and  $B_{\parallel}$  255.1 MT (Reference DPPH at 328.63 MT).

(4+3+3=10)

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